Michigan Department of Treasury		
4031 (Rev. 10-04)		

Assessment Year: __ July/December Board of Review Affidavit

Issued under authority of P.A. 206 of 1893. Filing is mandatory.

It has been brought to the attention of the assessor that a clerical error or mutual mistake of fact relative to the correct assessment has been made in the assessment of property which is within your collecting jurisdiction. The authority for correction of this error is stated in the General Property Tax Laws of the State of Michigan, 211.53b. OR the taxpayer has requested a poverty exemption under 211.7u. OR the taxpayer has requested a Qualified Agricultural Property Exemption for the current year, which has been denied by the assessor OR the taxpayer has requested a Qualified Agricultural Property Exemption that was not on the tax roll for the current year and/or the previous year which has not been previously denied by the assessor OR the taxpayer has requested a Homeowner's Principal Residence Exemption that was not on the assessment for roll the current year and/or the three (3) previous years, but was not denied by the assessor, the County or the Department of Treasury.

Form L-4035a (3128) must be completed by the Board of Review and made a part of the Board of Review records whenever a change is made to an individual parcel of property which causes a change in Taxable Value.

The Board of Review is required to 211.53b(1).	file an affidavit wit	hin 30 day	s with the p	ropei	officials to hav	ve all affected official rec	ords corrected	d. (MCL	
Distribute copies of this form to: the School District, Intermediate Schoo PART A: IDENTIFICATION	I District, Commun	hip Treasu nity College	rer, Towns and the S	hip C tate T	lerk, County Tr ax Commissio	easurer, County Equaliza n.	ation/Tax Offic	e, Assessor,	
Owner Owner					Parcel Number				
Street Address					Property Type				
City	State ZIP			School					
Property Address					Class				
PART B: ADJUSTMENTS Taxing Authority	Millag	e		Orig	inal	Adjusted		Difference	
TOTALS									
Reason/Justification for change procedures): Poverty Exemption Homeowner's Principal Residence Exemption	(see definitions	on page		Agric	ent year's Sta ultural Exempti		ulletin regard		
Explanation:									
PART C: CERTIFICATION, We, the undersigned members of		REVIEW	MEMBE		oard of Review	, swear or affirm the abo	ve information	is, to the best of	
our knowledge, true. Signature		Date		Т	Signature			Date	
				-					
Signature		Date			Signature			Date	
Signature		Date			Signature			Date	

Form 4031, July/December Board of Review Affidavit Definitions

Clerical Error

International Place Apartments v
Ypsilanti Township
1996 Mich App. 79

On March 29, 1996 the Michigan Court of Appeals clarified the meaning of the term "clerical error" found in MCL 211.53b which authorizes the correction of a clerical error or mutual mistake of fact by the July and December Boards of Review. The Court of Appeals states that the July and December Boards of review are allowed to correct clerical errors of a typographical or transpositional nature. The July and December Boards of review are NOT allowed to revalue or reappraise property when the reason for the action is that the assessor did not originally consider all relevant information.

Qualified Agricultural Exemption

The July/December Board of Review has the authority to review a denial by the Assessor of Qualified Agricultural Property Exemptions, for the current year only.

The July/December Board of Review has the authority to grant a Qualified Agricultural Property Exemption that was not on the Tax Roll for the current year and the previous year, where the property met all requirements for the Qualified Agricultural Property Exemptions status, and where the assessor has not previously denied the exemption.

Mutual Mistake of Fact

General Products Delaware Corporation vs
Township of Leoni; County of Jackson
MTT Docket # 249550

This case was precedent setting as the Tribunal defined "mutual mistake of fact" as follows: "the fact or facts upon which the erroneous belief is based must be an identifiable thing common to both parties' knowledge and awareness, be within the contemplation of each party, be a 'basic assumption' material to the mistake - and that each party arrive at a substantially identical but erroneous conclusion based upon that material fact or set of facts and that the mistaken fact was the primary cause of, and had a 'material effect' upon, the over-assessment and excessive tax payment."

Homeowner's Principal Residence Exemption

Homeowner's Principal Residence Exemption that was not on the Tax Roll for the current and/or previous three years and not denied by the Assessor, Auditing County, or the Department of Treasury.

NOTE: Please see State Tax Commission Bulletin 12 of 1997 and its supplements regarding the authority of the July and December Boards of Review.